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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
OAKLAND DIVISION

In re StubHub Refund Litigation

CASE NO. 4:20-md-02951-HSG

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

Judge: Hon. Haywood S. Gilliam, Jr.
Courtroom: 2—4th Floor

1 **1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS**

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure
4 and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly,
5 the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order.
6 The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or
7 responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only
8 to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable
9 legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this
10 Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil
11 Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied
12 when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

13 **2. DEFINITIONS**

14 2.1 **Challenging Party:** a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
15 information or items under this Order.

16 2.2 **“CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items:** information (regardless of how it is
17 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of
18 Civil Procedure 26(c) or (a) information prohibited from disclosure by statute; (b) information that
19 reveals trade secrets; (c) research, technical, commercial or financial information that the party has
20 maintained as confidential; (d) personal identity information; (f) income tax returns (including
21 attached schedules and forms), W-2 forms and 1099 forms; or (g) personnel or employment records
22 of a person who is not a party to the case.

23 2.3 **Counsel (without qualifier):** Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well
24 as their support staff).

25 2.4 **Designating Party:** a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it
26 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
27 CONFIDENTIAL.”

1 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium
2 or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
3 transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
4 discovery in this matter.

5 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
6 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a
7 consultant in this action.

8 2.7 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: Highly sensitive “Confidential
9 Information or Items,” as defined in Section 2.2., disclosure of which to another Party or Non-Party
10 would create a substantial risk of serious harm that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.
11 This includes highly sensitive financial information and personal identifying information (“PII”).

12 2.8 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House Counsel
13 does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

14 2.9 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal
15 entity not named as a Party to this action.

16 2.10 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action
17 but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf
18 of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

19 2.11 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
20 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

21 2.12 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
22 Material in this action.

23 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g.,
24 photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing,
25 storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

26 2.14 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
27 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL.”

1 2.15 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
 2 Producing Party.

3. SCOPE

4 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as
 5 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all
 6 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,
 7 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.
 8 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following
 9 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving
 10 Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of
 11 publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record
 12 through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the
 13 disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the
 14 information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of
 15 Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

4. DURATION

5 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
 6 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
 7 otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and
 8 defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion
 9 and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time
 10 limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

6.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or
 7 Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit
 8 any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The
 9 Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or
 10 oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items,

1 or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit
 2 of this Order.

3 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown
 4 to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily
 5 encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
 6 other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

7 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for
 8 protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties
 9 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

10 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see,
 11 e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or
 12 Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before
 13 the material is disclosed or produced.

14 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

15 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
 16 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings) designated as
 17 CONFIDENTIAL, that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL – SUBJECT TO
 18 PROTECTIVE ORDER" to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions
 19 of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the
 20 protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

21 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for
 22 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which
 23 material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of
 24 the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting
 25 Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine
 26 which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing
 27 the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL- SUBJECT TO
 28 PROTECTIVE ORDER" legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or

portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings) designated as HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL, that the Producing Party affix the legend "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" to each page that contains protected material.

(c) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony.

(d) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL- SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

1 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process
2 by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each
3 challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must
4 recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph
5 of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must
6 begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication
7 are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging Party
8 must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give
9 the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the
10 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen
11 designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it
12 has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling
13 to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.

14 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
15 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Civil
16 Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 21 days of the
17 initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process
18 will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be accompanied by a
19 competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements
20 imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make such a motion
21 including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive
22 the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party
23 may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for
24 doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof.
25 Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration
26 affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the
27 preceding paragraph.

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1 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party.
2 Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary
3 expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the
4 Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain
5 confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the
6 level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court rules
7 on the challenge.

8 7. **ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

9 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
10 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
11 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to
12 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has
13 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL
14 DISPOSITION).

15 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a
16 secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

17 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by
18 the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
19 information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

20 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as
21 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
22 information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
23 Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

24 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving
25 Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the
26 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

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(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

(d) the court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

7.3 Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party’s Counsel may disclose any information or item designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

(c) the court and its personnel;

1 (d) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors,
 2 and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who
 3 have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

4 (e) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
 5 necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A),
 6 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed
 7 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately
 8 bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this
 9 Stipulated Protective Order.

10 (f) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
 11 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

12 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
 13 LITIGATION

14 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
 15 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
 16 CONFIDENTIAL” that Party must:

17 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include
 18 a copy of the subpoena or court order;

19 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in
 20 the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this
 21 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

22 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
 23 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

24 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena
 25 or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or
 26 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order
 27 issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall
 28 bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and

1 nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in
 2 this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

3 **9. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS**
 4 **LITIGATION**

5 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in
 6 this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL." Such
 7 information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies
 8 and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a
 9 Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

10 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a
 11 Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with
 12 the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:

13 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that
 14 some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

15 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective
 16 Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the
 17 information requested; and

18 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

19 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within
 20 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the
 21 Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely
 22 seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or
 23 control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by
 24 the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of
 25 seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

26 **10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

27 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
 28 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order,

1 the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized
 2 disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c)
 3 inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this
 4 Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to
 5 Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

6 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
 7 MATERIAL

8 (a) The effect of an inadvertent disclosure of a communication or information covered by
 9 the attorney-client privilege or work-product protection shall be governed by Federal Rule of
 10 Evidence 502(b).

11 (b) If any document produced by another party is on its face subject to a legally
 12 recognizable privilege or evidentiary protection, the receiving party shall: (i) refrain from reading the
 13 document any more closely than is necessary to ascertain that it is privileged; (ii) promptly notify the
 14 producing party in writing that it has discovered documents believed to be privileged or protected;
 15 (iii) specifically identify the documents by Bates number range or hash value range. After
 16 notification is given pursuant to this paragraph (b), the obligations of the parties shall be as set forth
 17 in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B).

18 (c) Upon notice of an unintentional production by the producing party, the obligations of
 19 the parties shall be as set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B).

20 12. MISCELLANEOUS

21 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek
 22 its modification by the court in the future.

23 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order
 24 no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
 25 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no
 26 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by
 27 this Protective Order.

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1 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or
2 a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the
3 public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected
4 Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed under seal
5 pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant
6 to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected
7 Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under
8 the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local
9 Rule 79-5(d) is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public
10 record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed by the court.

11 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

12 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each
13 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material.
14 As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
15 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether
16 the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written
17 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party)
18 by the 60-day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material
19 that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,
20 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
21 Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all
22 pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda,
23 correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant
24 and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies
25 that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in
26 Section 4 (DURATION).

27 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.
28

1
2 Dated: April 20, 2022

/s/ Tina Wolfson

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4 Theodore W. Maya (SBN 223242)
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25 *Plaintiffs' Interim Co-Lead Counsel*

26 Dated: April 18, 2022

/s/ William P. Donovan, Jr.

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28 Daniel R. Campbell (*pro hac vice*)
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Counsel for Defendant StubHub, Inc.

1
2 ATTESTATION OF FILER
3

4 The undersigned hereby attests that the above signatories have reviewed the contents of the
5 foregoing document and approve its filing.
6

7 Dated: April 20, 2022
8

9
10 _____
11 /s/ *Tina Wolfson*
12 Tina Wolfson
13

14 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.
15

16 DATED: _____
17 4/21/2022
18

19 _____
20 *Haywood S. Gilliam, Jr.*
21 Hon. Haywood S. Gilliam, Jr.
22 United States District Judge
23

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____
[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and
understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the
Northern District of California on [date] in the case of *In re StubHub Refund Litigation*, No. 4:20-
md-02951-HSG (N.D. Cal.). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated
Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to
sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in
any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person
or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
_____ [print or type full address and telephone number]
as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related
to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed:

Printed name:

Signature: